SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier
Product Form: Mixture
Product Name: Plywood

1.2. Intended Use of the Product
Use of the substance/mixture: Construction and other operations where a high quality, high strength, roofing product is desired.

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party
Company: Potlatch Land and Lumber, LLC
601 W 1st Ave., Suite 1600
Spokane, WA 99201
(509) 835-1500

Manufacturer: St. Maries Complex
2200 Railroad Ave.
St. Maries, ID 83861
(208) 245-2585

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number
Emergency Number: (509) 466-5255

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture
Classification (GHS-US)
Comb. Dust
Carc. 1A  H350
STOT RE 1  H372
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label Elements
GHS-US Labeling
Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US): 

Signal Word (GHS-US): Danger
Hazard Statements (GHS-US): May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
H350 - May cause cancer.
H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US):
P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 - Do not breathe dust.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards
Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. This panel product consists of pressed wood wafers that has a mild chemical odor and presents limited hazards in its solid form. Sawing, sanding or otherwise machining this product can produce wood dust, which may present an explosion hazard. Exposure to wood dust may cause eye, nose and throat irritation.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)
No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance
Not applicable
3.2. Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Product Identifier</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Classification (GHS-US)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wood dust, all soft and hard woods</td>
<td>(CAS No) RR-00514-1</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>Comb. Dust Carc. 1A, H350 STOT RE 1, H372 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT SE 3, H335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phenol-formaldehyde polymer</td>
<td>(CAS No) 9003-35-4</td>
<td>&lt; 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: When exposure occurs: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for several minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Dust may cause mechanical irritation to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. There are potential chronic health effects to consider.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause cancer by inhalation. Inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation. May cause an allergic reaction in sensitive individuals.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Eye contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Causes damage to respiratory system through prolonged or repeated inhalation. May cause cancer.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media


Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Combustible Dust. Dust explosion hazard in air. Supports combustion. Under conditions of fire this material may produce: Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

Explosion Hazard: Avoid dust clouds in combination with static electricity. Dust clouds can be explosive.

Reactivity: Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Protection During firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Other Information: Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties. Depending on moisture content and more importantly, particle diameter, wood dust may explode in the presence of an ignition source. An airborne concentration of 40 Grams (40,000 Milligrams) of dust per cubic meter of air is often used as the LEL for wood dusts.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid generating dust. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Good housekeeping is needed during storage, transfer, handling, and use of this material to avoid excessive dust accumulation. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.
6.1.1. For Non-emergency Personnel
Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

6.1.2. For Emergency Responders
Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

6.2. Environmental Precautions
Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up
Methods for Cleaning Up: Collect spillage. Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills. Vacuum must be fitted with HEPA filter to prevent release of particulates during clean-up. Practice good housekeeping - spillage can be slippery on smooth surface either wet or dry.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections
See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling
Precautions for Safe Handling: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities
Storage Conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from: Direct sunlight, Heat sources. Keep container closed when not in use. Protect from moisture.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)
Construction and other operations where a high quality, high strength, roofing product is desired.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters
For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wood dust, all soft and hard woods (RR-00514-1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>USA NIOSH</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2. Exposure Controls
Appropriate Engineering Controls: Provide adequate ventilation to minimize dust concentrations. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.
Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.
Eye Protection: Chemical goggles.
Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory Protection: Approved dust mask is required for some finishing operations such as sawing or sanding where dust is created. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn.

Environmental Exposure Controls: Do not allow the product to be released into the environment.
Consumer Exposure Controls: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties
- Physical State: Solid
- Appearance: Light brown to Tan Panel
- Odor: Slight Chemical
- Odor Threshold: No data available
Plywood
Safety Data Sheet
According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

pH: No data available
Evaporation Rate: No data available
Melting Point: No data available
Freezing Point: No data available
Boiling Point: No data available
Flash Point: No data available
Auto-ignition Temperature: 204.4 - 260 °C (400 - 500 °F)
Decomposition Temperature: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas): No data available
Vapor Pressure: No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C: No data available
Relative Density: No data available
Specific Gravity: 0.04 - 0.08
Solubility: Water: < 0.1
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water: No data available
Viscosity: No data available

9.2. Other Information No additional information available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity: Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.
10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
10.4. Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Protect from moisture. Use good housekeeping practices during storage, transfer, and handling, to avoid excessive dust accumulation.
10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal and/or thermal-oxidative decomposition can produce irritating and toxic fumes and gases, including carbon oxides, polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons, aldehydes, terpenes and organic acids.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information On Toxicological Effects
Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Phenol-formaldehyde polymer (9003-35-4)
LD50 Oral Rat > 5 g/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 2 g/kg

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified
Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer.

Wood dust, all soft and hard woods (RR-00514-1)
IARC group 1
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status Known Human Carcinogens.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration Hazard: Not classified
Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause cancer by inhalation. Inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation.
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation. May cause an allergic reaction in sensitive individuals.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Eye contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.
Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.
Chronic Symptoms: Causes damage to respiratory system through prolonged or repeated inhalation. May cause cancer.
### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>12.1. Toxicity</th>
<th>No additional information available</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12.2. Persistence and Degradability</td>
<td>Plywood Persistence and Degradability Not established.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

#### 12.4. Mobility in Soil
No additional information available

#### 12.5. Other Adverse Effects
Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods
Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.1. In Accordance with DOT</th>
<th>Not regulated for transport</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14.2. In Accordance with IMDG</td>
<td>Not regulated for transport</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.3. In Accordance with IATA</td>
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### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### 15.1 US Federal Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plywood</th>
<th>SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes</th>
<th>Delayed (chronic) health hazard</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phenol-formaldehyde polymer (9003-35-4)</td>
<td>Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory</td>
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</table>

#### 15.2 US State Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plywood</th>
<th>Wood dust, all soft and hard woods (RR-00514-1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List</td>
<td>WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plywood</th>
<th>Wood dust, all soft and hard woods (RR-00514-1)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List</td>
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</table>

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>05/06/2015</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other Information</td>
<td>This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

GHS Full Text Phrases:

- **Carc. 1A** Carcinogenicity Category 1A
- **Comb. Dust** Combustible Dust
- **Eye Irrit. 2A** Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
- **Skin Irrit. 2** Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
- **Skin Sens. 1B** Skin sensitization Category 1B
- **STOT RE 1** Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
- **STOT SE 3** Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
- **Comb. Dust** May form combustible dust concentrations in air
- **H315** Causes skin irritation
- **H317** May cause an allergic skin reaction
- **H319** Causes serious eye irritation
- **H335** May cause respiratory irritation
- **H350** May cause cancer
- **H372** Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)